

Hera

By: Jenny Kwon

Basic Background

- Queen of the Gods
- Goddess of Marriage and Birth
- Roman name/counterpart: “Juno”
- Main Sanctuary: Argos in the Peloponnesus



Family

- Wife and sister of Zeus
- Daughter of Cronus and Rhea
- Children: Hephaestus, Hebe, Ares, and Eilithyia
- 3 brothers: Poseidon, Hades, and Zeus
- 2 sisters: Hestia and Demeter

Appearance

- Majestic, beautiful, mature
- Elegant and feminine look, but not exotic
- Despite beauty, not desirable



Relationship with Zeus

- Suspicious and jealous of Zeus's affairs.
- Punished her rivals and their children (Ex: Kallisto)
- Zeus often could not stand up to her



Symbols of Hera

- Diadem and Scepter
- Pomegranate (represents fertility)
- Her Flower: Lily
- Sacred Animals: Peacock (pride) and a cow



Works Cited

Great Bear and Little Bear. Digital image. *Royals Museum Greenwich*. N.p., n.d. Web. 15 Oct. 2014.

Hatzitsinidou, Evangelia. "Olympian Gods » Hera, the Goddess of Marriage." *Queen Hera (Juno), the Olympian Goddess of Marriage*. N.p., n.d. Web. 15 Oct. 2014.

Hera with her sacred animal, a peacock. Digital image. *Wikia*. N.p., 29 Dec. 2012. Web. 15 Oct. 2014.

Hera with pomegranate in her hand. Digital image. *WikiSymbol*. N.p., 16 Apr. 2010. Web. 16 Oct. 2014.

Lindemans, Micha F. "Hera." *Encyclopedia Mythica*. N.p., 3 Mar. 1997. Web. 15 Oct. 2014.

Statue of Hera at the Vatican. Digital image. *Wikipedia*. Wikimedia, 6 Apr. 2010. Web. 15 Oct. 2010.